

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Indiana, 2004

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
Private industry	All Parts	8,700	43.9	10	4.4
Local government	All Parts	810	39.7	10	15.7
State government	All Parts	310	31.2	10	22.2
Private industry	1 Neck- Including Throat	130	0.6	3	20.3
Private industry	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	130	0.6	3	20.3
Private industry	2 Trunk	5,970	30.1	7	4.7
Private industry	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	1,290	6.5	14	7.3
Private industry	22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	90	0.4	14	24.4
Private industry	220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	90	0.4	14	24.4
Private industry	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	3,600	18.1	5	5.3
Private industry	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	1,400	7.1	6	7.1
Private industry	231 Lumbar region	1,830	9.2	5	6.4
Private industry	232 Thoracic region	120	0.6	3	20.7
Private industry	238 Multiple back regions	190	1.0	4	16.7
Private industry	24 Abdomen	780	3.9	20	8.8
Private industry	240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	30	0.2	31	38.5
Private industry	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	110	0.6	21	21.5
Private industry	245 Intestines- peritoneum	630	3.2	19	9.7
Private industry	2450 Intestines- peritoneum- unspecified	630	3.2	19	9.7
Private industry	25 Pelvic region	190	0.9	5	16.8
Private industry	251 Hip(s)	30	0.2	5	39.5
Private industry	254 Groin	150	0.8	5	18.6
Private industry	3 Upper extremities	1,620	8.2	15	6.7
Private industry	30 Upper extremities- unspecified	30	0.2	120	39.3
Private industry	31 Arm(s)	570	2.9	18	10.1
Private industry	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	220	1.1	28	15.6
Private industry	311 Upper arm(s)	60	0.3	9	29.9
Private industry	312 Elbow(s)	210	1.0	20	16.1
Private industry	313 Forearm(s)	70	0.3	4	27.3
Private industry	32 Wrist(s)	780	3.9	14	8.8
Private industry	34 Finger(s)- fingernail(s)	120	0.6	13	20.5
Private industry	38 Multiple upper extremities locations	100	0.5	22	22.2
Private industry	389 Multiple upper extremities locations- n.e.c.	70	0.4	38	26.5

See footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Indiana, 2004 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
Private industry	4 Lower extremities	730	3.7	12	9.1
Private industry	41 Leg(s)	570	2.9	17	10.1
Private industry	412 Knee(s)	520	2.6	17	10.5
Private industry	42 Ankle(s)	70	0.4	5	26.3
Private industry	43 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)	60	0.3	3	29.1
Private industry	432 Sole(s)	50	0.3	3	31.4
Private industry	4323 Heel(s)	50	0.2	3	32.8
Private industry	489 Multiple lower extremities locations- n.e.c.	20	0.1	10	56.6
Private industry	8 Multiple Body Parts	240	1.2	30	15.0
Local government	2 Trunk	580	28.5	6	16.3
Local government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	150	7.6	50	21.2
Local government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	370	18.4	4	17.4
Local government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	140	7.1	3	21.7
Local government	231 Lumbar region	230	11.1	5	19.3
Local government	24 Abdomen	30	1.6	10	38.0
Local government	25 Pelvic region	20	0.9	2	48.0
Local government	3 Upper extremities	170	8.5	27	20.6
Local government	31 Arm(s)	40	1.7	48	36.1
Local government	32 Wrist(s)	120	5.8	16	23.0
Local government	38 Multiple upper extremities locations	20	0.9	4	49.1
Local government	389 Multiple upper extremities locations- n.e.c.	20	0.9	4	49.1
Local government	4 Lower extremities	40	2.0	10	34.0
Local government	41 Leg(s)	30	1.7	10	36.7
Local government	412 Knee(s)	30	1.5	9	38.5
State government	2 Trunk	210	20.5	8	23.3
State government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	40	4.2	49	33.4
State government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	140	13.8	5	24.8
State government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	50	4.9	3	31.8
State government	231 Lumbar region	70	6.6	8	29.2
State government	238 Multiple back regions	20	1.6	63	48.1
State government	3 Upper extremities	60	6.4	20	29.5

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Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
State government	32 Wrist(s)	40	4.1	20	33.7
State government	4 Lower extremities	30	3.3	14	36.1
State government	41 Leg(s)	30	2.9	14	37.8
State government	412 Knee(s)	30	2.9	14	37.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as:
 $(N / EH) \times 20,000,000$ where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, May 25, 2006